Statutory Framework for the EYFS	National Curriculum Subject Content for Key	National Curriculum Subject Content for Key Stage 2:
	Stage 1:	Pupils should be taught about:
ELG: Understanding the World - Past and Present Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught about:	changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age
	changes within living memory – where	the Roman Empire and its impact on Britain
• Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society;	appropriate, these should be used to reveal	Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots
 Know some similarities and differences between things in the 	aspects of change in national life events beyond living memory that are	the Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor
past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class;	significant nationally or globally [for example,	a local history study
 Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling. 	the Great Fire of London, the first aeroplane flight or events commemorated through festivals or anniversaries]	a study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils chronological knowledge beyond 1066
 ELG: Understanding the World - People, Culture and Communities Pupils should be taught to: Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from 	 the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements, some should be used to compare aspects of life in 	the achievements of the earliest civilizations – an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of one of the following: Ancient Sumer, The Indus Valley, Ancient Egypt, The Shang Dynasty of Ancient China
 observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps; Know some similarities and differences between different 	different periods. ♣ significant historical events, people and	Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world
religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class;	places in their own locality	a non-European society that provides contrasts with British history – one study chosen from: early Islamic civilization, including a study of Baghdad c
• Explain some similarities and differences between life in this	Below, we outline how we meet and go	AD 900; Mayan civilization c. AD 900; Benin (West Africa) c. AD 900-1300
country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from	beyond the National Curriculum requirements	
stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps.	throughout Key Stage 1	Below, we outline how we meet and go beyond the National Curriculur requirements throughout Key Stage 2
Below, we outline how we meet and go beyond the requirements		

	Key Vocabulary							
Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Now, next	When, then,	Language related	Language related		Language relat	lated to time		
today,	past, change,	<u>to time</u>	<u>to time</u>	After common era (ACE),	Before common era (BCE), Anno	Domini (AD), Before Christ (BC),	t (BC), centuries (e.g. the use	
yesterday,	grow up, adult,	A long time ago,	Century, hours, last	of the 'n	ineteenth century'), chronology,	chronological, era, period, pre-,	, post	
tomorrow,	grow, house,	future, last week,	year, weeks, years	Prehistoric Britain Stone	Early Civilisations	Ancient Greeks	Crime and	
before, after,	flat, bus, train,	past, present,		Age to the Iron Age	Civilisation, society, trade,	Polis, Athens, state,	<u>Punishment</u>	
baby, home,	aeroplane,	timeline, X years		Prehistory,	permanent settlement, ruler,	democracy, Olympians,	Jury, judge, trial,	
car, road,	electricity,	ago, decade		homosapiens,	architecture, Ancient Sumer,	Greek myth, God / Goddess	lawyer, magistrate,	
candle, clothes,	celebrate, party	Toys Past and	Great fire of	neanderthal,	Shang Dynasty, Indus Valley		transportation, court,	
Christmas,		Present	<u>London</u>	archaeologist,		Shang Dynasty	crime, detection,	
Easter,		Different, similar,	Samuel Pepys,	Palaeolithic, Mesolithic,	The Mayans	Dynasty, oracle bones,	punishment, criminal,	
birthday,		same, old, new,	modern,	Neolithic, settlement,	Mesoamerica, constitutional	excavate, diviner, sacrifice,	weregild,	
Church		recent, young,	flammable, ignite,	Starrcarr, Bronze Age,	monarchy, democracy,	pictograph	compensation	
		museum, artefact	burn, 1666,	Iron Age, Stone Age	absolute monarchy, afterlife,			
			parliament,		glyphs, codices, haab	Vikings vs Anglo-Saxons	Britain since 1948	
		Intrepid Explorers	Pudding Lane,	Ancient Egyptians		Anglo-Saxon, Vikings,	strike, inflation,	
		Explorer, alive,	eyewitness,	Ancient, modern, River	Anglo-Saxons, Picts and	kingdom, colonise,	racism, emigration,	

hundreds, rich,	evidence, sources	Nile, embalming,	<u>Scots</u>	Danelaw, Alfred the Great,	immigration,
poor, servant,		hieroglyphics,	Sutton Hoo, Anglo-Saxon,	Battle of Hastings, William	immigrant, industry,
voyage, sailor,	Childhood Then	Tutankhamun, Howard	Picts, Scots, Beowulf,	the Conqueror	primary source,
invention,	and Now	Carter, pyramid, tomb,	Lindisfarne, Pagan, convert		secondary source,
astronaut, compare	Popular, detached,	burial site			reliability, equality,
	semi-detached,				government
<u>Castles</u>	terraced, flats,	Invaders and Settlers			
King, queen, knight,	bungalow, mobile	Invade, settle, Julius			
motte and bailey,	home, caravan,	Caesar, Celts, Roman,			
keep and bailey,	houseboat, modern	Boudicca, revolt,			
keep, fort,		Emperor			
battlements, tower,	The Beatles				
moat, portcullis,	Paul McCartney,				
siege	The Beatles,				
	national,				
	international,				
	achievement,				
	significant, global				

	Significant Figures within History and planned Enrichment Opportunities								
Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Older members our own families and school community	Older members our own families and school community	Richard Steiff, Christopher Columbus & Neil Armstrong, King Richard II	Samuel Pepys, Older members our own families and school community, Paul McCartney	Kathy Schick, Howard Carter, Boudicca	Alexander the Great Pakal the Great Rædwald of East Anglia	Aristotle Wu Ding Leif Erikson	Robert Peel Margaret Thatcher Harvey Lonsdale Elmes & Robert Rawlinson		
Examples of further History enrichment:	Examples of further History enrichment:	Examples of further History enrichment:	Examples of further History enrichment:	Examples of further History enrichment:	Examples of further History enrichment:	Examples of further History enrichment:	Examples of further History enrichment:		
St Patrick's Church	St Patrick's	A visitor to talk about toys from the past.	Beatles bus tour	Outback2Basics caveman. Prehistory museum of	Mayans Cadbury's World	Invaders – Anglo- Saxons and Vikings	St George's Hall Beatles Museum		
Toxteth Library	Church Toxteth Library	Museum of Liverpool Toys from the past	Black History month activities	Liverpool trail Ancient Egypt Gallery	Black History month	Museum of Liverpool	Black History month		
Black History month activities	Black History month activities	Black History month activities	International week celebrations	World Museum Chester Roman ruins	activities International week	Black History month activities	activities International week		
International week				Black History month	celebrations		celebrations		
celebrations	International week celebrations	International week celebrations		activities		International week celebrations			
				International week celebrations					

	Chronological	Knowledge and	Historical Interpretation	Historical Enquiry	Organisation and communication
	Understanding	Understanding: Past			
		Events, People and			
		Changes			
Nursery	Begin to describe	Understand and talk	Engage in conversations about stories.	Use a variety of questions (what / where /	Talk with pictures and objects to support.
	a sequence of	about immediate		who)	
Decention	events.	past and future.		Ask susstings (when / whet / when / here /	
Reception	Sequence events	Know some similarities and	Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class	Ask questions (who / what / when / how /	Talk and sometimes draw with pictures and
	experienced in the past year.	similarities and differences between	and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.	why) Describe events in some detail.	objects to support.
	the past year.	things in the past and	Recall and discuss stories and information.	Offer explanations for why things might	
		now.		happen.	
Year 1	Sequence events	Recognise the	Use pictures, stories and adults talking to find out	Find answers to some simple questions about	Sort events or objects into groups e.g. 'then'
	within their	difference between	about the past.	the past from simple sources of information.	and 'now'.
	lifetime.	past and present in		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		their own and other			Use simple ways of recording their learning
	Match objects to	people's lives.			about the past e.g. talk, write or telling
	people of				stories.
	different ages.	Recall some facts			
		about people /			
	Use common	events before living			
	words and	memory.			
	phrases related				
	to the passing of time.				
Year 2	Recount changes	Look at evidence to	Look at and use books, pictures, stories, artefacts,	Look carefully at pictures or objects to find	Communicate ideas about people, objects or
	in own life over	explain reasons why	eyewitness accounts etc to find out about the	information about the past.	events from the past in different ways e.g.
	time.	people in the past	past.		role play, storytelling, speaking and using ICT.
		may have acted in	h	Identify different ways in which the past is	
	Understand how	, the way they did.		represented and ask questions about the	Describe objects, people or events in History.
	to put people,			past such as "what was it like for a?", "how	
	events and	Describe the		long ago did happen?"	
	objects in order	differences between			
	of when they	then and now.			
	happened using				
	a scale given to	Describe significant			
	them.	individuals from the			
	Use past and	past.			
	present when				
	telling others				
	about an event.				
Year 3	Describe dates of	Begin to explore the	Look at two versions of the same event and	Use a range of sources e.g. printed sources,	Communicate and organise ideas about the
	and order	characteristic	identify differences in the accounts.	pictures, buildings and visits to find out about	past in a variety of ways e.g. discussions,
	significant	features of the		a period.	pictures, writing and using ICT.
	events from the	periods and societies			-

	period studied on a timeline. Understand that a timeline can be divided into BC (Before Christ) and AD (Anno Domini).	studied and how they might have changed during a time period. Describe similarities and differences between people, events, and objects.		Ask questions such as "how did people?", "what did people do for?" and find answers about the past.	Use dates and terms with increasing accuracy. Discuss different ways of presenting information for different purposes.
Year 4	Order significant events and dates on a timeline using spacing to represent the passing of time on timelines. Describe the main changes in a period of history.	Describe the characteristic features of the periods and societies studied. Describe how some of the past events / people affect life today. Describe similarities and differences between people, events and artefacts studied.	Investigate different accounts of historical events and be able to explain some of the reasons why the accounts may be different.	Use a variety of sources of information e.g. documents, printed sources, artefacts etc to collect evidence about the past. Ask questions such as "what was it like for a during?" and find answers about the past.	 Present, communicate and organise ideas about the past using a variety of art forms e.g. drama, roleplay and different genres of writing. Discuss the most appropriate way to present information, realising that it is for an audience. Use dates and terms correctly and use subject-specific words.
Year 5	Order significant local, national and international events and dates on a timeline. Should be starting to use an accurate scale for the number of years. Identify changes within and across historical periods.	Choose reliable sources of information to find out about the past. Give some causes and consequences of the main events, situations and changes in the periods studied. Identify changes and links within and across the time periods studied. Describe how historical events studied influenced lives today and begin	Give clear reasons why there may be different accounts of history. Know that people in the past represent events or ideas in a way that might be to persuade others. Evaluate evidence to choose the most reliable forms.	Compare sources of information available for the study of different times in the past. Choose reliable sources of evidence to answer questions, realising that there is often not a single answer to historical questions. Begin to identify primary and secondary sources.	Present, organised ideas from the past using discussions and debates and different genres of writing such as accounts and letters. Choose the most appropriate way to present information to an audience. Use dates and terms accurately and begin to use abstract terms.

Year 6 Order increasir number	to make links between some of the features of past societies. an Choose reliable sources of factual of evidence to describe	Give clear reasons why there may be different accounts of history, linking this to a factual understanding of the past.	Evaluates the usefulness and accurateness of different sources and evidence.	Presents information in an organised and clearly structured way.
Timeline use an scale for of years. Identify compare changes and different periods. Understa some events / occurred	from in the periods the studied. on a using Show identified ccurately. changes on a timeline. accurate number Describe similarities and differences between people, events and objects studied. within across Make links between some of the features of past societies.	Suggest plausible reasons for how / why aspects of the past have been represented and interpreted in different ways. Show an awareness of the concept of propaganda and how this can affect interpretation.	Identify primary and secondary sources. Select the most appropriate source of evidence for particular tasks. Form own opinion about historical events from a range of sources.	Presents information in the most appropriate way. Makes use of different ways of presenting information. Know and show a good understanding of historical vocabulary, including abstract terms.