

Maths End of Year Milestones

2 St. minter & S

	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Number and	Recognise some	Count to, across	Count in steps of 2, 3,	Count from 0 in	Count in multiples of	Read, write, order	Read, write, order
place value	numerals of	and within 100.	and 5 from 0, and	multiples of 4, 8 50	6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000.	and compare	and compare
	personal	Count forwards	count in tens from	and 100; finding 10	Find 1000 more or	numbers to at least	numbers up to
	significance.	and backwards	any number, forward	or 100 more or less	less than a given	1 000 000 and	10,000,000 and
	Recognise numerals	beginning with 0	or backward.	than a given	number Count	determine the value	determine the value
	1 to 5.	and 1 from, or any	Recognise the place	number recognise	backwards through	of each digit. Count	of each digit. Round
	Count up to three	given number.	value of each digit in	the place value of	zero to include	forwards or	any whole number to
	or four objects by	Count read and	a two-digit number	each digit in a	negative numbers.	backwards in steps	a required degree
	saying one number	write to 100 Count	(tens, ones). Identify,	three-digit number	Recognise the place	of powers of 10 for	of accuracy use
	name for each item.	in twos, fives and	represent and	(hundreds, tens,	value of each digit in	any given number up	negative numbers in
	Count actions or	tens.	estimate numbers	ones). Compare and	a four-digit number	to 1,000,000.	context, and
	objects which		using different	order numbers up	(thousands,	Interpret negative	calculate intervals
	cannot be moved.		representations,	to 1000 identify,	hundreds, tens, and	numbers in context,	across zero. Solve
	Count objects to 10,		including the number	represent and	ones) order and	count forwards and	number problems
	and begins to count		line compare and	estimate numbers	compare numbers	backwards with	and practical
	beyond 10.		order numbers from	using different	beyond 1000.	positive and	problems that
	Count out up to six		0 up to 100; use <, >	representations.	Identify, represent	negative whole	involve all of the
	objects from a		and = signs. Read and	Read and write	and estimate	numbers through	above.
	larger group.		write numbers to at	numbers to at least	numbers using	zero. Round any	
	Select the correct		least 100 in numerals	1000 in numerals	different	number up to	
	numeral to		and in word. Use	and in words. Solve	representations.	1,000,000 to the	
	represent 1 to 5,		place value and	number problems	Round any number to	nearest 10, 100,	
	then 1 to 10		number facts to solve	and practical	the nearest 10, 100	1000, 10,000 and	
	objects.		problems.	problems involving	or 1000. Solve	100,000. Solve	
	Count an irregular			these ideas.	number and practical	number problems	
	arrangement of up				problems that involve	and practical	
	to ten objects.				all of the above and	problems that	
	Estimate how many				with increasingly	involve all of the	
	objects they can				large positive	above. Read Roman	
	see and checks by				numbers. Read Roman	numerals to 1000	
	counting them.				numerals to 100 (I to	(M) and recognise	
	Use the language of				C) and understand	years written in	
	'more' and 'fewer' to				how, over time, the	Roman numerals.	
	compare two sets of				numeral system		
	objects.				changed to include		
	Find the total				the concept of zero		
	number of items in				and place value.		

	1.						
	two groups by						
	counting all of them.						
	Say the number						
	that is one more						
	than a given						
	number.						
	Find one more or						
	one less from a						
	group of up to five						
	objects, then ten						
	objects.						
	Early Learning						
	Goal: Children						
	count reliably with						
	numbers from one						
	to 20, place them						
	in order and say						
	which number is						
	one more or one						
	less than a given						
	number.						
Addition and	In practical	Read, write and	Solve simple one-step	Add and subtract	Add and subtract	Add and subtract	Use their knowledge
subtraction	activities and	interpret	problems with	numbers mentally,	numbers with up to 4	whole numbers with	of the order of
	discussion, begin to	mathematical	addition and	including: a three-	digits using the	more than 4 digits,	operations to carry
	use the vocabulary	statements	subtraction: using	digit number and	efficient written	including using	out calculations
	involved in adding	involving addition	concrete objects and	tens a three-digit	methods of columnar	efficient written	involving the four
	and subtracting.	(+), subtraction (-)	pictorial	number and	addition and	methods (columnar	operations. Solve
	Record, using marks	and equals (=)	representations,	hundreds add and	subtraction where	addition and	addition and
	that they can	signs. Represent	including those	subtract numbers	appropriate.	subtraction). Add	subtraction multi-
	interpret and	and use number	involving numbers,	with up to three	Estimate and use	and subtract	step problems in
	explain.	bonds and related	quantities and	digits, using the	inverse operations to	numbers mentally	contexts, deciding
	Begin to identify	subtraction facts	measures. Applying	efficient written	check answers to a	with increasingly	which operations
	own mathematical	within 20. Add	their increasing	methods of	calculation. Solve	large numbers. Use	and methods to use
	problems based on	and subtract one-	knowledge of mental	columnar addition	addition and	rounding to check	and why solve
	own interests and		and written methods			answers to	problems involving
	fascinations. Early	numbers to 20 (9 +			problems in contexts,	1 1	addition,
	· ·	9, 18 - 9), including					
	_	•			deciding which	determine, in the	subtraction,
	Using quantities	zero. Solve simple	subtraction facts to	calculation and use	operations and	context of a	multiplication and
	and objects,	one-step problems	20 fluently, and	inverse operations	methods to use and	problem, levels of	division. Perform
	children add and	that involve	derive and use	to check answers	why.	accuracy. Solve	mental calculations,
	subtract two	addition and	related facts up to	solve problems,		addition and	including with mixed

single-digit numbers and count on or back to find the answer.	subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems.	100. Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: a two-digit number and ones a two-digit number and tens two two-digit numbers adding three one-digit numbers Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot. Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations	including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction.		subtraction multistep problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.	operations and large numbers. Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy.
Multiplication and division Early Learning Goal: Solve problems, including doubling, halving and sharing.	Multiplication and division Solve simple onestep problems involving multiplication and division, calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with	odd and even numbers. Calculate mathematical statements for	Multiplication and Division Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables. Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the	Multiplication and Division Recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12. Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together	Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs. Solve problems involving multiplication and division where larger numbers are used by decomposing them into their factors. Know and use the vocabulary of prime	Multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the efficient written method of long multiplication. Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number. Using the efficient written method of long division, and

multiplication tables teacher. and write them using the multiplication (x). division (÷) and equals (=) signs. Recognise and use the inverse relationship between multiplication and division in calculations. Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot. Solve onestep problems involving multiplication and division, using materials. arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts. including problems in contexts.

tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers. using mental and progressing to efficient written methods solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects involving multiplication and division, including integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects.

factors and composite (nonprime) numbers. Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19. Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a oneor two-digit number using an efficient written method. including long multiplication for two-digit numbers. Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the efficient written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context multiply and divide whole numbers and those involvina decimals by 10, 100 and 1000. Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3).

remainders as whole number remainders. fractions, or by rounding. appropriate for the context. Perform mental calculations. including with mixed operations and large numbers. Identify factors. common common multiples and prime numbers. Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry calculations involving the four operations. Solve addition and subtraction multistep problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use why and solve problems involving addition. subtraction. multiplication and Use division. estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the of context problem, levels of accuracy.

Fractions, decimals and percentages	Early Learning Goal: Solve problems, including doubling, halving	Fractions Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal	Fractions Recognise, find, name and write fractions 1/3, 1/4, 2/4 and 3/4	Fractions Count up and down in tenths; recognise that	Fractions Recognise and use factor pairs and commutatively in	Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign. Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates. Fractions, decimals and percentages Pupils should be taught to: compare	Fractions Use common factors to simplify fractions; use
	and sharing.	parts of an object, shape or quantity recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal.	of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity. Write simple fractions e.g. 1/2 of 6 = 3 and recognise the equivalence of two quarters and one half.	tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10. Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small Denominators. Recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators.	mental calculations multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout. Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law and harder multiplication problems, such as which n objects are connected to m objects. Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise	and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number. Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other. Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and related fractions; write mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number (e.g. 2/5 + 4/5 = 6/5 = 11/5). Multiply proper fractions	common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination. Compare and order fractions, including fractions >1 associate a fraction with division to calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375) for a simple fraction (e.g. 3/8). Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions.

when dividing an and mixed numbers Recognise Multiply simple and object by a hundred show, by whole numbers, pairs of using proper and dividing tenths diagrams. supported fractions, writing by equivalent materials the answer in its by ten. Solve and fractions problems involving diagrams. Read and simplest form (e.g. with small denominators. increasingly harder write decimal $1/4 \times 1/2 = 1/8$). Add and subtract fractions to calculate numbers Divide as proper fractions with the fractions by whole quantities. fractions (e.g. 0.71 same denominator fractions to divide numbers (e.g. 1/3 ÷ 71/100). Recognise and use within one whole. quantities, including 2 = 1/6) identify Compare and order thousandths the value of each non-unit fractions and unit fractions with where the answer is relate them to digit to three the same a whole number. tenths, hundredths decimal places and denominator. Solve Identify, name and and decimal multiply and divide problems numbers by 10, 100 that write equivalent equivalents round involve all of the fractions of a given decimals with two and 1000 where the answers are up to above. fraction. includina decimal places to tenths the nearest whole decimal three and hundredths. Add and number and to one places. Multiply onesubtract fractions decimal place. Read, digit numbers with with the write, order and up to two decimal same denominator. compare numbers places by whole Decimals with up to three numbers. Count up and down in decimal Use written division places. hundredths: Solve problems methods in cases involving number up recognise that where the answer hundredths to three decimal has up to two arise when dividing an places. Recognise decimal places. object by a hundred the per cent symbol Solve problems and dividing tenths (%) and understand which require by ten. Solve that per cent answers to be problems involving relates to "number rounded to increasingly harder parts per specified degrees fractions to calculate hundred", and write of accuracy. Solve problems involving auantities. percentages as a fractions to divide fraction with the calculation of quantities, including denominator percentages whole numbers or non-unit fractions hundred, and as a where the answer is decimal fraction. measures such as a whole number Solve problems 15% of 360 and the identify, name and which use of percentages require

					write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, including tenths and hundredths add and subtract fractions with the same	knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of 1/2, 1/4, 1/5, 2/5, 4/5 and those with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or	for comparison. Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in
					denominator. Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths recognise and write decimal equivalents	25.	Ratio and Proportion Express missing number problems algebraically. Use simple formulae
					to 1/4; 1/2; 3/4 find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the		expressed in words. Generate and describe linear number sequences. Find pairs of numbers that satisfy number
					answer as units, tenths and hundredths. Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole		sentences involving two unknowns. Algebra Solve problems involving the
					number compare numbers with the same number of decimal places, up to two decimal places. Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions		relative sizes of two quantities, including similarity Solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping.
Measurement	Order two or three items by length or height.	Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: -	Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and	Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths	and decimals to two decimal places. Convert between different units of measure. Measure	Convert between different units of measure (e.g.	Solve problems involving the calculation and

Order two items by weight or capacity. Use familiar objects and common shapes to create and recreate patterns and build models.

Use everyday language related to time.

Begin to use everyday language related to money. Order sequences familiar events.

Measure short periods of time in simple ways.

Early Learning Goal: Children use everyday language to talk about size. weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems.

lengths and heights (e.g. lona/short. longer/shorter. tall/short. double/half) mass or weight (e.g. heavy/light, heavier than. liahter than) capacity/volume (full/empty, more than, less than, quarter) time (quicker, slower. earlier, later). Measure and beain to record the following: -lengths and heights mass/weight capacity and volume time (hours. minutes. seconds) Recognise know the value of different denominations of coins and notes. Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years. Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock

face to show these

measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kq/q); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) the to nearest appropriate unit. using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels compare and order lengths, mass. volume/capacity and record the results using > < and = read relevant scales to the nearest numbered unit. Recognise and use

symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value and match different combinations of coins to equal the same amounts of money: add and subtract money of the same unit, including giving change. Solve simple problems

compare

clock. usina and terms of seconds. minutes, hours and o'clock: vocabulary such as a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, and midnight. Know the number seconds in a minute in a practical context and the number. involving addition and subtraction of money and sequence intervals of time. Tell and write the time to five

in

(m/cm/mm); mass and calculate the (kq/q); perimeter of volume/capacity rectilinear figure (I/ml) Measure the (including squares) in perimeter centimetres and simple 2-D shapes. metres. Find the Add and subtract area of rectilinear amounts of money shapes by counting. to give change, Estimate, compare using both £ and p and calculate different measures. practical contexts. Tell and including money in write the time pounds and pence. from an analogue Read. write and including convert time Roman between analogue numerals from I to and digital 12 and XII, and 12-hour 24hour clocks. Solve 24hour problems involving Estimate clocks. converting from and read time with hours to minutes: increasing accuracy minutes to seconds; to the nearest years to months; minute: record and weeks to days. compare time in

use

noon

of

kilometre and metre: metre and centimetre; centimetre and millimetre; kilogram and gram; litre and millilitre) understand and use basic equivalences between metric and common imperial units and express them approximate terms. Measure calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres. Calculate and compare the area of squares and rectangles including standard using units. square centimetres (cm2) and square metres (m2) and estimate the area of irregular shapes recognise and estimate volume (e.g. using 1 cm3 blocks to build cubes and cuboids) and capacity (e.g. using water). Solve problems involving converting between

units of time. Solve

a

conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate. Use. read, write and convert between standard units. convertina measurements length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, usina decimal notation to three decimal places. Convert between miles and kilometres recognise that shapes with same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles. Recognise when it is necessary to use the formulae for area and volume of shapes. Calculate, estimate compare volume of cubes and cuboids usina standard units. including centimetre cubed (cm3) and cubic

		timas	minutes, including			nnoblema involvine	metres (m3) and
		times.				problems involving addition and	
			quarter past/to the				extending to other
			hour and draw the			subtraction of units	units, such as mm3
			hands on a clock face			of measure (e.g.	and km3.
			to show these times.			length, mass,	
						volume, money)	
						using decimal	
						notation.	
Geometry	Begin to use	Recognise and	Identify and describe	Draw 2-D shapes	Compare and classify	Identify 3-D	Recognise, describe
	mathematical names	name common 2-D	the properties of 2-D	and make 3D	geometric shapes,	shapes, including	and build simple 3-D
	for 'solid' 3D shapes	and 3-D shapes,	shapes, including the	shapes using	including	cubes and cuboids,	shapes, including
	and 'flat' 2D shapes,	including: 2-D	number of sides and	modelling	quadrilaterals and	from 2-D	making nets.
	and mathematical	shapes (e.g.	symmetry in a	materials;	triangles, based on	representations.	Compare and
	terms to describe	rectangles	vertical line. Identify	recognise 3-D	their properties and	Know angles are	classify geometric
	shapes.	(including	and describe the	shapes in different	sizes. Identify acute	measured in	shapes based on
	Select a particular	squares), circles	properties of 3-D	orientations; and	and obtuse angles	degrees; estimate	their properties and
	named shape.	and triangles) 3-D	shapes, including the	describe them with	and compare and	and measure them	sizes and find
	Can describe their	shapes (e.g.	number of edges,	increasing	order angles up to	and draw a given	unknown angles in
	relative position	cuboids (including	vertices and faces.	accuracy.	two right angles by	angle, writing its	any triangles,
	such as 'behind' or	cubes), pyramids	Identify 2-D shapes	Recognise angles as	size. Identify lines	size in degrees (o).	quadrilaterals, and
	'next to.	and spheres).	on the surface of 3-D	a property of	of symmetry in 2-D	Identify: multiples	regular polygons.
	Early Learning	Arrange	shapes, for example a	shape and	shapes presented in	of 90o angles at a	Illustrate and name
	Goal: Children	combinations of	circle on a cylinder	associate angles	different	point on a straight	parts of circles,
	recognise, create	objects and	and a triangle on a	with turning.	orientations.	line and 1/2 a turn	including radius,
	and describe	shapes in patterns	pyramid compare and	Identify right	Complete a simple	(total 180o) angles	diameter and
	patterns. They	- describe	sort common 2-D and	angles, recognise	symmetric figure	at a point and one	circumference. Find
	explore	position,	3-D shapes and	that two right	with respect to a	whole turn (total	unknown angles
	characteristics of	directions and	everyday objects.	angles make a half-	specific line of	360o) reflex	where they meet at
	everyday objects	movements,	Order and arrange	turn, three make	symmetry.	angles, and compare	a point, are on a
	and shapes and use	including half,	combinations of	three quarters of a	Describe positions on	different angles.	straight line, and
	mathematical	quarter and three-	mathematical objects	turn and four a	a 2-D grid as	Draw shapes using	are vertically
	language to	quarter turns.	in patterns. Use	complete turn;	coordinates in the	given dimensions	opposite.
	describe them.	•	mathematical	identify whether	first quadrant.	and angles state	Describe positions
			vocabulary to	angles are greater		and use the	on the full
			describe position,	than or less than a		properties of a	coordinate grid (all
			direction and	right angle.		rectangle (including	four quadrants).
			movement, including	Identify		squares) to deduce	Draw and translate
			distinguishing	horizontal, vertical,		related facts.	simple shapes on
			between rotation as a	perpendicular and		Distinguish between	the coordinate
			turn and in terms of	parallel lines in		regular and	plane, and reflect
				relation to other		irregular polygons	them in the axes.
			rigiti ungles 101	relation to other		ii i egului poiyyons	ment in the uses.

		quarter, half and	lines.		based on reasoning	
		three- quarter turns			about equal sides	
		(clockwise and			and angles.	
		anticlockwise), and			Identify, describe	
		movement in a			and represent the	
		straight line.			position of a shape	
					following a	
					reflection or	
					translation, using	
					the appropriate	
					language, and know	
					that the shape has	
					not changed.	
Statistics		Interpret and	Interpret and	Interpret and	Solve comparison,	Interpret and
		construct simple	present data using	present discrete	sum and difference	construct pie charts
		pictograms, tally	bar charts,	data using bar charts	problems using	and line graphs and
		charts, block	pictograms and	and continuous data	information	use these to solve
		diagrams and simple	tables. Solve one-	using line graphs.	presented in line	problems calculate
		tables. Ask and	step and two-step	Solve comparison,	graphs. Complete,	and interpret the
		answer simple	questions such as	sum and difference	read and interpret	mean as an average.
		questions by counting	'How many more?'	problems using	information in	mean as an average.
		the number of	and 'How many	information	tables, including	
		objects in each	fewer?' using	presented in bar	timetables.	
		category and sorting	information	charts, pictograms,	imelables.	
		the categories by	presented in scaled	tables and simple line		
		quantity. Ask and	bar charts and	graphs.		
		answer questions	pictograms and	grupns.		
		about totalling and	tables.			
			Tubles.			
		compare categorical				
		data.				